

Speaking:

(10 marks)

1. Write what you would say in the following situations:

(2 points)

- a. You want to borrow your friend's dictionary. (request)
 b. Advise your sister to check her work carefully. (advice)

2. choose the suitable response to complete the following:

(2 points)

- a. When you refuse an invitation, you say _____
 a. Would you like to ...? b. I'd love to, but I'm too busy c. You mustn't ...
 b. When you agree to something, you say _____
 a. You're absolutely right b. Can I help you ...? c. You had better ...

3. Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue:

(6 points)

- Sami: Which subjects do you like most?
 Sarah: _____
 Sami: Which, for you, is the hardest and the easiest?
 Sarah: _____
 Sami: What are you going to do after Grade 12?
 Sarah: _____

Reading Comprehension:

(40 marks)

4. Read the following passage then answer the questions that follow:

This is globalisation. **It** means rising standards of living for poorer nations and cheaper products for everyone else. However, unequal production costs around the world create real problems. Chinese wages are particularly low, and manufacturer **there** can produce extremely cheaply. This means that producers with higher costs in other countries often have to close down and put their employees out of work. Exactly this has happened to the Palestinian shoe industry in Hebron and Nablus.

Higher-cost manufacturers can often only stay in business if **they** move their own manufacturing to China or other low-cost economies. Thanks to fast transport links, they can now produce cheaply there and sell in other richer parts of the world. However, this is another route to unemployment. During the last thirty years, large industrial countries such as the USA and Germany have lost millions of jobs to East Asia. When jobs disappear and there are few others, unemployment can become a big social and economic problem. This is true in both Palestine and parts of America and Germany. In **this situation**, some people argue for 'protectionism' to keep local industries and jobs - particularly in a fragile economy like Palestine's. They argue that import taxes on cheap, foreign imports allow local products to compete. The trouble is that protected industries never fight hard enough to produce new, better and cheaper products. They do not need to. It is only global 'free trade' that can make this happen.

When free trade works properly, producers everywhere work to provide goods and services that are special enough or cheap enough to compete successfully. Exports and imports then move freely between countries and consumers everywhere get the widest possible choice and the best possible value for money. The route to free trade is not easy, but in the end it is the only road to full employment and full membership of the global economy.

A. Answer the following questions:

(12 points)

1. What trouble do the unequal production costs cause?
 2. How can higher-cost manufacturers compete?
 3. What is the problem with protectionism?
 4. Why do the Chinese manufacturers produce cheaper goods?

B. According to the passage, find in the box what the following phrases mean:

(6 points)

[free trade - globalisation - protectionism]

1. Rising standards of living for poorer nations and cheaper products for everyone _____.
 2. Keep local industries and jobs through import taxes on cheap, foreign imports _____.
 3. Provide goods that are special enough or cheap enough to compete successfully _____.

- C. **Decide whether the following statements TRUE (T) or FALSE (F):** (4 points)
1. Unemployment is a real problem in both Palestine and parts of America and Germany. ()
 2. Free trade is the only road to full employment and full membership of the global economy. ()
- D. **Give words from the passage that have almost the same meaning as the following:** (6 points)
- high _____ local _____ keep _____ restricted _____
- E. **Find words in the passage that have the opposite meaning to the following:** (6 points)
- consumption _____ salary _____ careers _____ specially _____
- F. **What do the following underlined pronouns refer to:** (6 points)
1. it (line.1) _____
 2. they (line.3) _____
 3. there (line.6) _____
 4. this situation (line.11) _____

Vocabulary:

(25 marks)

Question number Two:

(6 points)

5. **Match the words and phrases with their suitable definitions:**

[package holiday – immigration – memoir – encyclopedia]

1. _____ Entering a country in order to live there permanently.
2. _____ To provide everything for one fixed price.
3. _____ A large book that explains all of or a special part of human knowledge.
4. _____ A person's written story of his or her own life.

Question number Two:

6. **Complete the following sentences by using a suitable word from the box:** (5 points)

Note: (there are more words in the box than needed)

Conference – resources – under control – experts – teenager – inquiries

1. Palestine is a country with a little land and few natural _____.
2. The 20th International Youth _____ will be held in London.
3. The Indian software _____ are working with their colleagues in Germany.
4. WHO stated that most infectious diseases should be _____.
5. The _____ is someone who is between 13 and 19 years old.

Question number Three:

(6 points)

7. **Complete the following sentences using a word from the same word family:**

1. The mine was closed because it wasn't _____.
2. _____ are more pessimistic because of the spread of AIDS.
3. Most _____ diseases should disappear or be under control.
4. _____ is better than cure.
5. She received an excellent _____.
6. The play was _____ to anything I had seen before.

(economy)
(scientific)
(infect)
(prevent)
(educate)
(differ)

8. Question number Four:

- A. **Match each word from the following box to its opposite:**

(4 points)

traditional – ordinary – common – dangerous

safe _____ special _____ modern _____ rare _____

- B. **Match each word from the following box to its meaning:**

(4 points)

opportunity – difficult – make – destroy

produce _____ chance _____ eradicate _____ tough _____

Language:

(30 marks)

Question number One:

(8 points)

9. Circle the letter of the correct answer:

- By 9 o'clock, we..... our homework.
a. will finish b. will have finished c. will have finish d. will finished
- The doctor realized that the patient the disease.
a. caught b. has caught c. had caught d. catches
- We didn't swim the water wasn't clean.
a. because b. so c. in order to d. so that
- You all think it is a good idea. I think it is a bad one.
a. yourself b. himself c. myself d. itself
- She finished writing the report yet.
a. hasn't finish b. hasn't finished c. has fished d. haven't finished
- Do you remember the day we first met?
a. what b. when c. whose d. why
- Sarah is a Palestinian student who studies in USA.
a. zero b. an c. a d. the
- All the following words are British except
a. adviser b. holiday c. apartment d. behaviour

Question number Two:

(6 points)

10. Form questions for the following answers:

- Q:** (Where)
A: She comes from Canada.
- Q:** (When)
A: I arrived at 6:00 am.
- Q:** (Did)
A: No, he didn't arrive late.

Question number Three:

(8 points)

11. Rewrite the following sentences using the words in brackets:

- He (revise) his lesson. He (go) to bed. (after)
- The criminal escaped and then the police arrived. (by the time)
- She (write) the letter. I (knock on) the door. (while)
- Not one person saw the thief break into the house. (nobody)

Question number Four:

(8 points)

12. Join the following sentences using the word in brackets:

- The Nile is the longest river in the world. It flows through Egypt. (which)
- Mr. James invited us to the dinner. He is a marvelous movie director. (who)
- The traffic was heavy so I was late. (because)
- I have to revise my lessons in order to get high grades. (so that)

Literature:

(20 marks)

Question number One:

(8 points)

13. Answer the following questions:

- Why is Silas called to the chapel in Lantern Yard?
- What are the most important buildings in the village of Raveloe?
- What is the secret that Dunstan knew about Godfrey?

4. Why doesn't Godfrey want Nancy to know he has a child?

Question number Two: (4 points)

14. Complete the following sentences:

1. William was jealous because
2. Squire Cass thinks Godfrey should marry.....
3. Molly didn't reach the Red House because
4. The child came in place of Silas's

Question number Three: (4 points)

15. Decide whether each of the following statements is True (T) or false (F):

1. Silas was interested in his money more than his neighbors. ()
2. The villagers know who has stolen the money. ()
3. When the doctor arrived, Molly was still alive. ()
4. Godfrey decides to tell Nancy he has a child. ()

Question number Four: (4 points)

16. Read the following quotation and answer the following questions:

"To Silas gold seemed alive"

1. How much money did Silas have?
2. Where did he keep his gold?

Writing: (25 marks)

1) Punctuate the following sentence: (5 points)

Use (7) capital letters, (1) apostrophe, (1) full stops and (1) comma:

id like to travel to france italy or the united states of america next june

2) Write on one of the following topics: (20 points)

A/ a paragraph of about 50 words on: *Health for all.*

Guiding points:

Health for all is important. Ways to fight diseases. education is vital in fighting diseases.

B/ Ask the National Crystal Company about their products and price lists. The company is in AL-Remal Street, Gaza. You are Ahmed Youssef; you live at 55, EL-Wafa Street, Gaza.

Good luck