

Palestinian National Authority  
Ministry of Education & Higher Education



السلطة الوطنية الفلسطينية  
وزارة التربية والتعليم العالي

امتحان المتقدمين للوظائف التعليمية / لغة الإنجليزية، رمز الامتحان (3) ، عدد صفحات الامتحان (7)

اسم المتقدم:	رقم الهوية:	رقم طلب المتقدم:
عزيزي المتقدم: يتكون الامتحان من قسمين ، يرجى الإجابة عنها جميعاً		
القسم الأول: يتكون من (46 بنداً 'اختيار من متعدد') ، نقل رمز الإجابة الصحيحة إلى نموذج الإجابة رقم (1) (92 علامة)		
القسم الثاني: سؤال مفتوح ويتكون من فرعين (أ ، ب) اكتب الإجابة على نموذج الإجابة رقم (2) (8 علامات)		

Choose the right answer

1-John F. Kennedy \_\_\_\_\_ in 1963 if he \_\_\_\_\_ to Dallas.

- A: would die \ went  
B: had gone \ would have died  
C: wouldn't have died \ hadn't gone  
D: won't die \ didn't go

2-Before \_\_\_\_\_, they had used horse-drawn wooden carts.

- A: Farmers have had tractors.  
B: tractors owned by farmers  
C: having tractors farmers  
D: Farmers had tractors

3- \_\_\_\_\_ the fifth largest among the nine planets that make up our solar system.

- A: The Earth is  
B: The Earth being  
C: That the Earth is  
D: Being the Earth

4- Which of the following sentences is grammatically correct?

- A: I wish we would reach the station in time tomorrow.  
B: I wish we can reach the station in time tomorrow.  
C: I wish we will reach the station in time tomorrow.  
D: I wish we could reach the station in time tomorrow.

5-Are you \_\_\_\_\_ or were you expecting this news?

- A: surprisingly  
B: surprising  
C: surprise  
D: surprised

6-Don't ask me to play .I'm hopeless \_\_\_ tennis!

- A: in  
B: at  
C: about  
D: for

7-There was a flash of lightening and seconds later all the lights:

- A: went on  
B: went about  
C: went out  
D: went in

8- Van Gogh's Sunflowers \_\_\_\_\_ \$39.9 million three times the previous records:

- A: once sold  
B: for sale once  
C: selling for once  
D: for once sold

- 9-The temperature of an object rises when \_\_\_\_\_ into it:  
A: heat flow    B: flows hot    C: heat flows    D: hot flow
- 10- They have bought a small flat in \_\_\_\_\_ Park Street.  
A: the    B: -    C: a    D: an
- 11-Which of the following is not an everyday phone expression:  
A: Can I speak to John, its Laura!  
B: Can you tell him I called?  
C: A table for three, please.  
D: I will call back later.
- 12-If your flight is late, the TV screens in the airport say:  
Flight BA 202 Rome \_\_\_\_\_  
A: ~~Delayed~~    B: Boarding    C: wait in lounge    D: Last call
- 13-Which of the following is the most appropriate to say if you didn't hear something clearly:  
A: Repeat, please.  
B: Sorry, I didn't catch that.  
C: Could you speak better, please?  
D: Excuse me, I'm not hearing you.
- 14-SQ3Rs is a reading technique that stands for :  
A: Survey, Question, Read, Review and Recite.  
B: Survey, Question, Read, Recite and Review.  
C: Survey, Question, Recite, Review and Read.  
D: Survey, Question, Review, Read and Recite
- 15-The \_\_\_\_\_ is a framework involving procedures and techniques drawn from various approaches:  
A: Eclectic approach    B: Communicative approach  
C: Audio-Lingual approach    D: Functional- notional approach
- 16-The two main activities of Audio-lingual Method are :  
A: Dialogue repetition and memorization.    B: Aural and oral activities.  
C: Filling gaps and dialogues.    D: Dialogue and information completion.
- 17-The term "Teaching Methodology" means:  
A: The study of teaching system.  
B: The study of communicative languages.  
C: The study of pedagogical practices in general.  
D: A theory of language structure learning.
- 18- \_\_\_\_\_ is a testing technique which requires the entering of information in another form: a grid, a timetable or labeling a picture, etc. to test comprehension.  
A: Information transfer    B: C-Test  
C: Cloze test    D: Cloze Elide





3-If students are becoming less concerned about the ramifications of cheating, colleges and universities are working harder to catch the cheaters. Some administrators use sophisticated computer search engines to find Internet plagiarists. However, many other colleges are using honor codes to combat cheating. An effective honor code clearly describes the boundaries of legitimate and illegitimate work. In addition, it sets the penalties for breaking it. While honor codes have existed on many campuses for a long time, they are now acquiring “teeth” as the institutions strive to enforce them. Educators say that the simple act of students signing the honor code makes a difference.” It’s a psychological effect :if people expect you to be honorable , you are more likely to respond with honorable behavior ,” says Nannerl O. Keohane, the president of Duke University in North Carolina. “We have to build a culture where people are genuinely offended by cheating.”

4-Honor codes are becoming more and more popular across the United States. The University of the North Carolina and the University of Maryland give cheaters grades of XF to indicate failure because of cheating. Cornell University rewrote its honor code in 2000 and now requires teaching assistants and freshmen to take courses that teach them what cheating is and how to avoid it.

5-Honor codes can be both a carrot and a stick. They may offer students more freedom, but, if they do not obey, the punishment is severe. For example, the honor code at Wellesley College in Massachusetts allows students to take exams when and where they want. Then they can choose to go wherever they want. Some stay in the classroom while others prefer to do exams in their bedrooms, the library, or outside. The students are trusted, but if they are caught cheating, the punishment can be severe.

6-Some people say that simply putting in an honor code won’t solve the problem, but several studies since the 1960s have shown that cheating is rife at schools without honor codes in place . Universities officials think that there are different reasons for this phenomenon. “ The feeling of being treated as an adult and responding in kind,” Professor McCabe says, “It’s clearly there for many students. They don’t want to violate that trust.” “The magic of an honor code,” agrees Elizabeth Kiss, director of the Kennan Institute for Ethics at Duke University, “is that when it’s really working, there’s a sense of we’re all in this together.”

- 34-Cheating is sometimes difficult to resist because of :
- A: the exams difficulties
  - B: the Internet
  - C: the shortage of time
  - D: the families' pressure on their children.
- 35-In line 8, the word "plagiarism" means :
- A: stereotype
  - B: having another name
  - C: photocopying
  - D: stealing another's writing and calling it your own.
- 36-According to the 2001 survey \_\_\_\_\_ of students said that falsifying data didn't count as serious cheating:
- A: 27%                      B: 41%                      C: 45%                      D: 30%
- 37-The main reason for fighting cheating in colleges& universities is:
- A: that their students are becoming less concerned about ramifications of cheating.
  - B: the talents their students have in cheating
  - C: the complaints from parents
  - D: the shortage of jobs for alumnus
- 38-Honor codes are effective to combat cheating because:
- A: the students have to sign them .
  - B: of the severe penalties for breaking them .
  - C: the students are not trusted.
  - D: of its psychological effects and the feeling of mutual trust
- 39-The pronoun 'they'( parag.3 line8 ) refers to:
- A: teachers    B: colleges and universities    C: educators    D:students
- 40-The author uses the term "a carrot and a stick "to show that Honor Codes can :
- A: offer students freedom and if they don't obey, the punishment is severe.
  - B: allow students to cheat and then to correct their mistakes
  - C: give freedom to choose when or where to cheat
  - D: offer students second chance to study after being punished
- 41-The best title for this article is :
- A: Students and universities' rules
  - B: Cheating and studying
  - C: More students are cheating, More Colleges are fighting back
  - D: Legitimate and illegitimate cheating
- 42-How many colleges and universities are mentioned in the article?
- A: 5                      B: 4                      C:9                      D:7
- 43-The word " integrity"(parag.2 line 3) is closest in meaning to :
- A: Trust                      B: Power of mind                      C: Honesty                      D: Modesty

44- Learning by inquiry:

- A: Let the students explore the facts by themselves.
- B: The teacher himself explores facts and delivers them to the students.
- C: The supervisor explores the facts and informs the teacher about them.
- D: The teacher starts with the whole and the students get to the parts on their own.

45- The assessment process can be characterized as :

- A: up- to- date
- B: out- of- date
- C: on-going
- D: absolute

46- Read the following objectives, and then decide which one is accurately stated as a behavioral objective:

- A: The student should understand the importance of washing his hands after meals.
- B: The student should be able to mention the parts of the digestive system.
- C: The student should know the concept of the blood circulation in the human body.
- D: The teacher has to solve four problems on Pythagoras theory.

47- Teacher Amal thinks that her 10<sup>th</sup> grade students are one of the best of all groups she has ever taught. She considers them as well-behaved and high achievers. Teaching them is an enjoyment for her. On the contrary, Amani, History teacher, thinks that they are middle achievers and their interaction in her classes is not that satisfactory, even though, the same students have achieved good results in history and other subjects in the previous years. Amani sees that problem is due to the students' lack of interest in the subject.

A: Do you agree on Amani's opinion that her students are losing interest in the subject and, why?

B: How do you explain the low achievement of students in History?

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انتهت الأسئلة