يجليزية للعام الدراسي 2017/2016م	ي مبحث <u>اللغة ال</u> إن	دراسي الاول ف	امتحان نهاية الفصل ال		
اسم الطالب:	الحادي عشر	الصف: ا	السلطة الوطنية الفلسطينية		
الشَّ عبة:					
الفتة المسائية	2017/1/2م	التاريخ: -	العالـــي مديرية التربية والتعليم الوسطى		
الورقة الاولى	العلوم الإنسانية	Total Mar	ks		
i. Reading and comprehension (30 Marks)					
1) Read the text and answer the questions. Walking in the countryside (or 'rambling') towns and cities, walking was a way of escalife. Access to the countryside, however, wa ownership of large areas of land by a small a were set up to protect walkers' rights, and find Society, a national organization aiming to it could walk. A new law was finally passed Countryside Act. This law set up the first N public footpaths in England and Wales had meant that everyone would know where they land. Many landowners, however, let grass g lot of our efforts were put into walking on as	was popular in aping from a polar is becoming mornumber of people ally, in 1935, the improve access doin 1949 called ational Parks and to be recorded were allowed to grow over the footgrow ove	19th-century lluted environe of a challe e. A number ey joined tog laws and exid the Nation d Nature Reon maps. It walk, even otpaths so that	enment and the stress of daily enge due to an increase in the of walking clubs and groups gether to create The Rambling pand the areas where people hal Parks and Access to the serves, as well as stating that was a big step forward as it if the path crossed someone's at they were hard to find, so a		
1- Decide which meaning makes the best set. 1. countryside: 2. achievements: 3. stating: 4. take up: 2- Complete the sentences with words or phrance. 1	b) natural b) import b) sayir b) begin (a hobby ses from the text:	l areas ortant points ng clearly 7)	(4 points) (3 points)		
2. It's sometimes hard to find	because of	of grass.	ry.		
 3- Decide whether each of the following is '1. The air in nineteenth-century British cities 2. Walking on a public footpath is against 3. Before the nineteenth century it was diff 4. There were no organizations for protections. 	was not healthy. the law if it cross ficult to walk in t	ses somebod the country in	n Britain. ()		
4- Answer the following questions: 1. What are the main reasons for the spread	_	Britain?	oints)		
2. When was the first regulation passed?		•• •• •• •• •• •• •• •• •• •• •• •• ••			
3. What is the aim of the rambling societies	es?				
5- Write what each of the following refer t	to:		(3 points)		

1. they (line 6)			
Cext Number Two. Read the text and find answers to to Education in Finland is considered verifier all citizens equal opportunities than testing. There are no national to ountries have found the three bigges beence of poverty," says Julie Wall ome to school ready to learn. They anguages. Most students know three an communicate in English as well crust teachers are given in Finland. The	the questions below: ery important. The material to receive education tests for pupils in basest reasons for the coker. Schools are free a come to school head to languages: Finnish, as in their language.	ain objective of Finnish. The focus in education sic education in Finlan ountry's success. First of preschool is free, coll lithy. The second reason Swedish, and English. The third reason is the	n is on learning rather ad. Educators from 50 of all, "there is a near lege is free. "Children on is the fluency with Nearly every student degree of respect and
 Circle the symbol of the correct and the correct	a) aima) someone who teaa) connects	b) observes	(3 points) who learns. (3 points)
 Nearly all students in Finland National tests are necessary in The majority of the students ca - Write what each of the following	live in extreme pover basic education. an use English as wel	ty. Il as their Finnish langua	()
1. their (line 9)	ents speak in Finland	 ?	(2 points)
1- A: Match the words in the box	ibulary with their definition - wage - unique –		(5 points)
 piece of advice looking at famous things not like anything else way of doing something money earned from working 			
3. Complete the sentences with wor	rds from the box:		(5 points)

stressed – crew – solitary – luxury - praised	
 The film was highly	
C: Replace the underlined parts of sentences with words from the box:	(3 points)
expenses _ due to _ labelled	
 If you are <u>called</u> a clever child, people expect you to do well. His success as a tour guide is <u>because of</u> his local knowledge. As well as the hotel bill, there were a few other <u>extra things to pay for</u> 	
2- A: Choose the correct verb from the boxes to complete the sentences.:	(3 points)
do _ make _ have 1. You can efforts to improve your learning. 2. I'm not sure if this letter is OK. Could you a look at it please? 3. Could you me a favour and help me carry this box please?	
B: Complete the sentences with phrasal verbs from the box:	(3 points)
break into - take in - pick up 1. I wasn't listen properly so I didn't	
C: Match the words in the boxes to make fixed phrases:	(3 points)
A B 1 regular regulations 2 public services 3 safety income	
1	(2
D: Circle the correct option to complete the sentences:	(3 points)
 The chair is very well-made / well-dressed. He's very dependent / independent person. He never asks other people for help. Membership / friendship of the club costs \$ 10 per year. 	
Language (25 points) 1- A: Fill the gaps in these sentences with (both. and, either. or neither. nor): 1. There are no grades in this test. You can pass you fail. 2. The plan has advantages disadvantages. 3you support meyou're against me. There's no middle way.	(3 points)
B: Choose the correct word or expression for each sentence: 1.(Unless/Provided) we are careful, there should be no danger.	(4 points)

2. He won't succeed (unless / as long as) he works harder	
2- A: Complete the sentences using the correct tense of the verb in b 1. I've applied for a new job. I hope I	ench. (can)
B: Complete the sentences with prepositions from the box:	(4 points)
to - into - in 1. I turn my notes a mid-map to help me remember them. 2. You can't just take on example to apply it every situation	ı.
 3- A: Circle the correct option to complete the sentences. 1. Childrenare not allowed to / must play near the river. 2. That phone was expensive. You mustn't / don't haveto lose it. 3. Twenty years ago, the family must / had to move to another coun B: Rewrite the following sentences using the words in brackets: 	•
1. You should study hard before the exams.	(2 marks) (you'd better)
2. Why don't you join a walking club.	(I suggest)
4- A: Complete the sentences using (prefer or would rather) as show 1. She healthy food fast food. (prefer). 2. They play football basketball. (would rather)	_
5- Correct the underlined mistake in each of the following sentences 1.It's quite easy to do as <u>far</u> as you follow the instructions 2. The story of an old man and his daughter is really <u>touched</u>	: (2 points)
WRITING 10 points Choose ONE of the following subjects. 1- When applying for a job or course, you are often asked to send your which should contain all necessary information about yourself. Write your own CV including: Name - Date and place of birth - Act Personal statement - Education - Employment - Other Skills and Quantum - Date and Point - Other Skills and Quantum - Date - Other Skills and Quantum - Course, you are often asked to send your which should contain all necessary information about yourself.	ldress - Telephone – Email -
2- Write an online review of a book you have read write these short points:Paragraph 1: Give the title of the book and the name of writer. Say what about the book.	
Paragraph 2: Say what the book is about. Say who are the important peo Paragraph 3: Make a suggestion or give advice to people who might be t about buying book.	-